TRX.

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 80

N.B. 1) Question No.1 is compulsory

- 2) Solve any three questions from the remaining questions.
- 3) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1 Solve any four of the following.
 - (a) Explain trade-offs in analog design with the help of analog design octagon 5
 - (b) For a n-channel MOSFET draw- a)a basic small signal model b) small signal model 5 considering channel length modulation effect c) small signal model considering body effect
 - (c) Explain the concept of clock feed through in the MOSFET sampling circuit 5
 - (d) Compare performance of various op-amp topologies 5
 - (e) Derive expression for input referred noise of CS stage 5
- $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$ (a) $\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}}$

Identify the above network Derive the gain equation of the above circuit.

- (b) Derive equation of differential gain, common mode gain and CMRR of a differential 10 amplifier circuit.
- 3 (a) The following circuit uses a resistor rather than a current source to define a tail 10

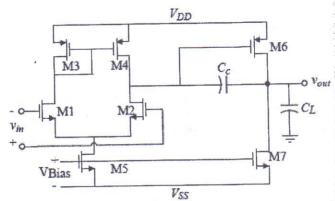
current of 1mA.

Assume (W/L) $_{1,2}$ =25/0.5, μ_n C_{ox}=50 μ A/V², V_{TH}=0.6V, λ =0, V_{DD}=3V

- (a) What is the required input CM for which Rss sustains 0.5V?
- (b)Calculate RD for a differential gain of 5
- (c) What happens at the output if input CM level is 50mV higher than the value calculated in (a)?
- (b) Derive expression for voltage gain A_V and output resistance Ro of source follower 10 stage.

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Q.4 Design two stage operational amplifiers that meet the following specifications



 $A_V > 3000 V/V$ $V_{DD} = 2.5 V V_{SS} = -2.5 V$

Gain Bandwidth = 5MHz, Slew Rate > 10V/µs, 60° phase margin,

0.5V < Vout range < 2V,

ICMR = -1.25V to 2V,

P_{diss} ≤2 mW, C_L=10pF

Use $K_N = 100 \mu A/V^2$, $K_P = 20 \mu A/V^2$, $V_{TN} = |V_{TP}| = 0.5 V$, $\lambda_N = 0.06 V^{-1}$,

 $\lambda_P = 0.08V^{-1}$, Cox=2.47fF/ μ m².

Verify that the designed circuit meets required voltage gain and power dissipation specifications

- 5 (a) Explain the charge injection mechanism in MOS sampling circuits and also describe the errors contributed by the above effect.
 - (b) What is a band gap reference? Describe methods of implementation of band gap references
- 6 Write short note on any four
 - (a) Necessity of Millers theorem
 - (b) Gilbert Cell
 - (c) Charge Pump PLL
 - (d) Comparison of full custom design and semi custom design
 - (e) Performance parameters of VCO

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Total Marks: 80 (3 Hrs) 1. Question No 1 is compulsory. 2. Solve any three from remaining. 01 Answer any four: (a) What is the need for Wireless Sensor network? Explain the WSN Protocol stack. (b) Explain the need for DWDM. Compare it with WDM. (c) "AAL 5 is a widely used ATM adaptation layer protocol": justify with (i) Mention the main functions of AAL (ii) Name practical Examples that use services of AAL5. (d) Draw and explain different states of Bluetooth enabled device. What are the different network security threats and safeguards? Explain. (a) Draw and explain Bluetooth protocol stack in detail. (b) Compare Ubiquitous and hierarchical access in Access Network design. Explain the steps for completing access layer design in detail. (a) In frame relay frame format, which bit is used to avoid network congestion? Draw and explain frame format of Frame relay. (b) Bring out the advantages of Optical networking. With a neat sketch, explain the SONET hardware components along with its functional layers. Q4 (a) What is a firewall? What are the capabilities and limitations of firewall? Discuss the different types of firewalls, along with their advantages and disadvantages. (b) With reference to ATM: (i) Explain ATM Protocol architecture, bringing out the functions of ATM layer. (ii) Compare the following ATM Adaptation Layer Protocols: AAL1, AAL2, AAL3/4, AAL5. (a) Draw and explain (i) IEEE 802.15.3 LR-WPAN Device architecture. (ii) ZigBee technology (b) Write short notes on : (i) B-ISDN model of ATM (ii) UWB Write a short note on : (Any four) (a) DMZ. (b) SNMP

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(c) RFID. (d) RMON. (e) VOFR

Q. P. Code: 36789

(3 Hours)

(Total Marks: 80)

Please check whether you have	the right	question	paper.
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N.B.:	1)	Question No.1 is compulsory.	
	2)	Answer any Three out of remaining five questions	
	3)	Draw the neat diagrams wherever necessary.	3 8 3
Q1.			20M
A]	Explain	Air Bag deployment System in brief.	
B	_	re micro-actuators pertaining to MEMS Technology? Give two examples.	437,03
C		piezoresistivity and list out all piezo-resistive coefficients.	3333
D		the role of sacrificial layer in fabrication of MEMS devices.	
	•		
Q2.			
A]	What a	re ploymers? Draw structure of PMMA polymer and discuss its role in	10M
		fabrication.	
B	What d	o you understand by a clean room? Explain the steps in a standard RCA	10M
	cycle d	uring wafer cleaning.	
Q3.			
A]		ifferent types of pressure sensors and explain in detail, fabrication steps	10M
		ezo-resistive pressure sensor.	
B]		eat diagram and explain lift-off process. Why would one use it, in MEMS	10M
	fabricat	tion?	
Q4.			
A]	100	the steps involved in fabrication of MEMS with proper illustration of micromachining.	10M
[B]	Describ	be the DRIE process. How can DRIE achieve virtually perfect vertical	10M
3	etching		
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Q5.			
Al	1. 1. 1.	o you mean by wafer bonding? Explain with neat diagram, different wafer	10M
		g techniques.	
B		be the representative process flow for fabricating the ink jet printer head	10M
		vlett- Packard. Also explain the operating principle of this MEMS device	
	with pr	oper illustration of Ink-firing mechanism.	
	200		
66		short note on	20M
A		packaging & its challenges.	
- Bij	High A	Aspect Ratio MEMS fabrication.	
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Role of MEMS in IoT.

MEMS Accelerometer.

(Time: 3 Hours)

[Total Marks:80]

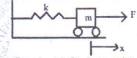
NB.

- (1) Question No.1 is compulsory.
- (2) Attempt any three questions from remaining.
- (3) All questions carry equal marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- Q.1 Answer any four of the following:
 - a) With neat sketch define Joint and Link parameters. (5)
 - b) Explain how tool orientation is specified. (5)
 - c) What is homogeneous transformation matrix? Give the transformation matrix for pure translation and pure rotation.
 - d) Explain template matching in robot vision. (5)
 - e) Justify "Inverse kinematics problem is not unique." (5)
- Q.2 a) Develop the DH representation of a four axis SCARA robot and obtain its arm matrix.
 - b) Let F= {f¹, f², f³} and M={m¹, m², m³} be two initially coincident fixed and mobile orthonormal coordinate frames.

 Suppose the point P at the tool tip has mobile coordinates [P] M = [7,3,1]^T. Find [P] f after the following transformations,
 - Rotate M by Π/2 radians about f³ axis
 - 2. Then translate the rotated M by 4 units along f axis.
- Q.3 a) Find the new location and orientation of frame B after a (10) differential rotation of 0.1 radians about the y axis followed by a differential translation of [0.1, 0, 0.2].

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 10 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Derive the force acceleration relationship for a 1 DOF system (10) given below using Lagrangian mechanics as well as Newtonian mechanics. Assume the motion is linear with no inertia.



- Q.4 a) Explain robot motion planning using Bug 1 and Bug 2 algorithm. (10)
 - b) What is a GVD? Sketch all the GVD's resulting due to the basic (10) interactions of the obstacle Derive the necessary equations.
- 0.5 a) Explain Visibility Graph algorithm. (10)
 - b) Explain the different moments to characterize shapes. (10)
- Q.6 Write short notes on any four of the following: (20)
 - a) Cartesian Space trajectory
 - b) Potential Functions
 - c) Shrink and Swell Operators
 - d) Work Space Envelope
 - e) Perspective Transformations

Q.P. Code: 37961

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks: 80]

Ple	ase c	check whether y	ou have g	ot the	right	question	paper.
N.B:	1.	Question.No.1	is compul	sory.		3503	

 Question.No.1 is compulsory.
 Attempt any three questions from the remaining five questions.

	Answer the following:	20
a)	What is meant by frequency reuse? What is its effect on the co-	
1.5		ST ST
	State the radio specifications of GSM.	
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d)	Explain the terms of soft, softer and soft-softer handoffs.	
a)	Draw a well labelled diagram and explain in detail the	10
	architecture of GSM.	
b)	Explain GSM frame and time slot structure with the required	10
	figures.	
a)	Explain mobility and radio resource management in CDMA.	10
	With a neat block diagram, explain the working of a reverse	10
-,	channel CDMA IS95 modulation process for a single user?	
a)	What is WCDMA air interface and discuss the important	10
)	[40] F. F. W. L. W.	
b)		10
30	important features of LTE.	
2)	Describe LIMTS architecture with a neat diagram and	10
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b)		05
		05
0)	Write a detailed note on moone if .	
	Write short notes on:	20
	WiMax	
d)	MANET	
	b) c) d) a) b) a) b) c) a) b) c)	 a) What is meant by frequency reuse? What is its effect on the cochannel interference? b) State the radio specifications of GSM. c) Compare GSM and CDMA technologies. d) Explain the terms of soft, softer and soft-softer handoffs. a) Draw a well labelled diagram and explain in detail the architecture of GSM. b) Explain GSM frame and time slot structure with the required figures. a) Explain mobility and radio resource management in CDMA. b) With a neat block diagram, explain the working of a reverse channel CDMA IS95 modulation process for a single user? a) What is WCDMA air interface and discuss the important parameters in it. b) Discuss the evolution path towards LTE and mention the important features of LTE. a) Describe UMTS architecture with a neat diagram and interfaces. b) Compare 3G and 4G technologies. c) Write a detailed note on mobile IP. Write short notes on: a) WiMax b) GPRS technology c) RFID