Time: 2hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	Unity gain amplifier is a
Option A:	Difference amplifier
Option B:	Comparator
Option C:	Single ended
Option D:	Voltage follower
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2.	A Schmitt trigger uses
Option A:	Positive feedback
Option B:	Negative feedback
Option C:	Compensating capacitors
Option D:	Pull up resistors
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3.	The input applied to an Inverting amplifier is
Option A:	Equal to output
Option B:	Equal to Inverted output
Option C:	Not equal to output
Option D:	Output id equal to input
r	2 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
4.	At which state the phase-locked loop tracks any change in input frequency?
Option A:	Free running state
Option B:	Phase locked state
Option C:	Capture state
Option D:	Minor state
, QV	
5.	Operational amplifier amplifies the following signals
Option A:	AC signals
Option B:	DC Signals
Option C:	Both AC and DC signals
Option D:	Noise
5 6 5 5 5	What is the role of the comparators in the IC 555 circuit?
Option A:	to compare the output voltages to the internal voltage divider
Option B:	to compare the input voltages to the internal voltage divider
Option C:	to compare the output voltages to the external voltage divider
Option D:	to compare the input voltages to the external voltage divider
	What is the resolution of a digital-to-analog converter (DAC)?
Option A:	It is the comparison between the actual output of the converter and its expected
Option A.	
Option B:	output It is the deviation between the ideal straight-line output and the actual output of
	the converter
Option C:	It is the smallest analog output change that can occur as a result of an increment
	in the digital input.
Option D:	It is its ability to resolve between forward and reverse steps when sequenced over its entire range.

8.	What is IC 723?
Option A:	A voltage regulator
Option B:	A full-wave rectifier
Option C:	A half-wave rectifier
Option D:	A clipper
9.	In a first order low-pass filter what value of R is required if the filter has a cut-off
	frequency of 1 kHz and C=0.01 microF
Option A:	15.9 kΩ
Option B:	20 kΩ
Option C:	16.9 kΩ
Option D:	17.9 kΩ
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10.	An inverting summing amplifier with gain 1 has three different input voltage: 1.2
	V, 2.2 V and 3.2 V. Find the output voltage?
Option A:	6.6 V 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Option B:	3.2 V
Option C:	1.2 V
Option D:	-6.6 V
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Option 1

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six5 marks each
(20 Marks)	
A	Explain Non-Inverting comparator with suitable example.
В	Define following OPAMP parameters. 1) C.M.R.R 2) Slew rate 3) Input offset voltage 4) Input bias current 5) output resistance
С	Explain 78XX series voltage regulator
D	Write short note on V to I Converter
Е	Explain log and antilog amplifier using opamp
F	Draw and explain RC phase shift oscillator using opamp

Option 2

Q3	Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each
(20 Marks)	
A	Design a 2^{nd} order KRC low pass filter with cut off frequency of f_0 =1Khz & Q =5.
В	Design a differentiator to differentiate input signal that varies in frequency from 10 Hz to about 1 kHz.
С	Design voltage regulator using IC 723 for $Vo=10V \& I_L=200$ mA.

Option 3

Q4. (20 Marks)	
A	Solve any Two 5 marks each
i.	Draw block diagram and explain function of each block of operational amplifier.
ii.	Explain precision half wave rectifier using opamp.
iii.	Explain Instrumentation amplifier & its applications.
B	Solve any One 10 marks each
1.75	Explain Schmitt Trigger circuit. Design same for UTP and LTP= ±2V
\$10.5 X X	Explain dual slope ADC with its advantages & drawbacks.
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