/CMPN/Sem-VI (CBSGS)/System Programming and Compiler Construction

May-2016

Q.P. Code: 581500

	(3 Hours) [ Total Marks	: 80
N.B. :	<ol> <li>Question No. 1 is compulsory.</li> <li>Attempt any three from the remaining questions.</li> <li>Assume suitable data if necessary.</li> <li>Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> </ol>	The state of the s
1. (a)	What is the role of an automata in compiler design.	5
(b)	Elliminate Left recursion in the following grammar (Remove Direct and	5
	Indirect recursion)	*
	S-Aa b	
(c)	A→Ac   Sd   ε What is an activation record? Draw diagram of General Activation record	5
(0)	and explain the purpose of different fields of an activation record.	3
(d)	What is the difference between Compiler and Interpreter.	5
2. (a)	Explain with an example Quadruples, Triples, Indirect triples.	10
(b)	What is the difference between Dynamic Loading and Dynamic Linking	10
*	explain with an example	
3. (a)	Write a note on JAVA compiler environment.	5
(b)	Write a brief note on Design of an Editor.	5
(c)	Explain synthesized and Inherited attributes used in Syntax Directed Definition.	5
(d)	Find FIRST and FOLLOW Set for given grammar below	5
	$E \rightarrow TE'$ $E' \rightarrow +TE'   \epsilon$	
	$T \to F T'$ $T' \to F T' \mid \varepsilon$	
	$F \rightarrow (E)$ $F \rightarrow id$	
4. (a)	Explain different Code Optimization technics along with an example.	10
(b)	For the following grammar construct LR(0) parser table	10
	$S \rightarrow aCDe$	
	$C \to Cbc$	4.3
	$C \rightarrow b$	1
	D \ d \ And Parse the string abbehole. Show contents of stock and i/n buffer and	
	And Parse the string abbebede. Show contents of stack and i/p buffer and action taken after each step.	
1	again taken atter each step.	

[TURN OVER

Con.8160-16.

5. (a) Draw and explain DAG and represent the following example with it. (a/b) + (a/b) \* (c \* d)(b) What are the different phases of Compiler? Illustrate compilers internal 10 representation of source program for following statement after each phase Amount = P + P \* N \* R / 1006. (a) With reference to Assembler explain following tables with suitable example. 10 MOT (ii) (i) POT LT (iv) (iii) ST (b) What are the different issues in design of Code Generator, Explain with an 10 example.

Con.8160-16.

Q.P. Code: 581601

Time: 3 Hrs	Marks: 80
N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.  (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five.  (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  (4) Assume suitable data wherever required.  1. Develop the SRS for the following scenario:-	SIO [20]
A school has one or more departments. Department offers one or more subject will be offered by only one department. Department instructors and instructors can work for one or more departments. Students enrol in up to 5 subjects in a school. Instructor can teach up to 3 subjects, same subject can be taught by the different instructors. Students can be enrol in more than one school.  SRS for the school should include the following:  a. Product perspective  b. Scope and objective  c. Functional requirements  d. Non-Functional requirements	ects. has can The
(a). Explain and compare FTR and walkthrough.     (b) Explain the process of CMM.	[10]
<ol> <li>(a) Explain coupling &amp; cohesion. Explain different types of coupling cohesion.</li> </ol>	ng & [10]
(b) What are Agile process and its advantages? Explain any one Agile proc	cess. [10]
<ol> <li>(a) Explain the change control and version control activities in SCM.</li> <li>(b) Differentiate between black box testing and white box testing. Explain detail about any one testing tool.</li> </ol>	[10] ain in [10]
<ol> <li>(a) What are the different types of maintenance and also explain step creating a maintenance log?</li> </ol>	
(b) What is user interface design process? Explain with one example.	[10]
6. Write short notes on(any two)  (a) Risk management.	[10]
(a) Risk management. (b) Reverse Engineering.	[10]
(c) Service-Oriented Software Engineering.	[10]
(d) Object oriented testing methods.	[10]
The state of the s	

## **Q.P. Code:** 581700

		(3 Hours)	Total Marks:	80
N	.В. :	<ol> <li>Question No.1 is Compulsory.</li> <li>Attempt any 3 questions out of the rest</li> <li>Figure to the right indicate full marks.</li> <li>All question carry equal marks.</li> </ol>	· Oldolyny	Ŷ,
1.	a)	What are advantages and disadvantage of Distributed DBMS	CIL	5
	b)	What are the features of DDBMS?		5
	c)	Explain the basic Timestamp Ordering Algorithm.		5
	d)	What are the objectives of Distributed Query Processing?		5
2	a)	What is horizontal and vertical fragmentation? What are thorizontal fragmentation. Perform horizontal fragmentation relation as given below.		10
		Also give the correctness criteria for it.		
		Student (Studentrollno., Student Name, Course Name, Course	Fees year)	
	b)	What are the various kinds of transparencies in distributed data		10
	0)	Explain each with the help of an example	ouse acoign.	
3	a)	What are the various concurrency control techniques? Compar-	e Lock based	10
	/	Concurrency Control strategies in detail.		
	b)	Compare Distributed Deadlock prevention to Distribute	d Deadlock	10
	- /	Avoidance. Explain one scheme of Distributed deadlock D		177.5
		Recovery.		
4	a)	A banking database should contain the customer's information	on along with	10
		the types of accounts customer is maintaining. Customer in		
		its full profile information along with his current address, PA		
		Card no. included and account information should include typ	pe of account	No.
		(Saving, fixed, demat, recuring, current), date and time of a		
		transactions details.		
		i) Write the DTD rules for the above XML documents.		
		ii) Create an XML schema for the above XML document	í.	10
	b)	What are homogenous and heterogeneous database. Give th		
	T.	of heterogeneous databases along with some query processi		

TURN OVER

## Q.P. Code:

		10
5	a)	What problems can occur in a distributed system due to the failure of link
		and partitioning of the network? What are the ways by which recovery can
		take place?
	b)	Explain the phases of query processing in distributed database.

6 Answer any two:

- a) Bond Energy Algorithm
- b) Design issues of Distributed Database
- c) 3PC
- d) Transaction management model for distributed System

20

2

3

4

## TE/CMPN/SEM-VI (CBSQS)/Mobile Communication & Comput

Q.P. Code: 581800

	(3 Hours)	Total Marks: 80
N.B. :	<ol> <li>Question No.l is Compulsory.</li> <li>Attempt any Three questions out of remaining questions.</li> <li>Make suitable assumptions whenever necessary.</li> </ol>	10 Miles
1 -)	Eveloin in short have Hidden Station Problem is Avoided it	
1. a)	Explain in short how Hidden Station Problem is Avoided in	10
.b)	What are the Deployment issues of WLL? What are the general problems of satellite signals travel	
c)	satellite to a receiver?	10
4)	Explain how Mobile originated call (MOC) work.	-
d)	What are the characteristics of SIM ?	10
e)	What are the characteristics of Shvi	
2. a)	Why is Mobile IP packet required to be forwarded through Explain IP-in-IP Techniques of encapsulation of mobile IP packet.	igh a tunneL 10 packet.
b)	What are the modifications require to an existing GSM n	
70	upgraded to GPRS, Explain with the help of diagram.	
	·	10
3. a)	Explain in detail HIPERLAN/1 physical layer.	
b)	Explain in detail4G architecture.	10
4. a)	Explain in detail Bluetooth Protocol Architecture.	10
b)	What are the security issues in mobile Computing.	
		10
5. a)	Compare HIPERLAN 2, BLUETOOTH, IEEE 802.11.	
b)	What are the different types of Handover in GSM ?Explain	in Detail
	Intra-MSC handover.	
		20
	rite short notes on the following.	. 20
	Role of SUMR register in satellite roaming.	
	Android components.	
	Location management HLR-VLR scheme.	
d)	Digital Signature.	